



Subject: PSHE & RSE

Year: 3 - Health

Term: Autumn One









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Vocabulary	What	Knowledge children wil			Inderstandin iildren will un		What chi	Skills Idren will be	able to do		
Define the word and include etymology if useful.	Learning Remembering	Teaching Telling	Assessment Testing	Learning Practising	Teaching Coaching	Assessment Observing	Learning Reflecting	Teaching Facilitating	Assessment Evaluating		
Healthy – Mentally and physically healthy Unhealthy – Mentall and physically	PSHE Know how to	make informec	decisions		ome of the reas ake unhealthy c		on food choic	state some of t ces and some o ethods used in a	of the		
unhealthy Diet – The food and drink a person or animal consumes.	about health Know the eler lifestyle	ments of a balc	nced, healthy	from each of	thy our bodies nathe food group	S.	food for our b	talk about the podies and plan y meals or snac	and prepare		
Exercise – Activity intended to improve physical and mental, strength and fitness.		s that support a		hygiene	e difference be		To be able to name the different parts of males and females using scientific language. (penis, scrotum, testicles, vulva,				
Illness – A state of bad health or disease	Know how to	recognise that		Understand h	ow to prevent t		vagina, brea	st)			
Disease – An abnormal condition of a human, animal or plant	a healthy lifes	tyle	ative effects on	Understand th	ses and disease	hily, being	that form a balanced diet.				
Spread – To become more widely present. Prevent - To anticipate the need to stop an		ood physical he nise early signs		healthy lifesty	eping all contri le.	ibute to a	spread of diff	explain how to erent illnesses a	nd diseases.		
outcome and act on it Hygiene – Those conditions and practices that promote and preserve health Well-being - A state of health, happiness	to plan health and wellbeing foods; risks ass	illness Know what constitutes a healthy diet; how to plan healthy meals; benefits to health and wellbeing of eating nutritionally rich foods; risks associated with not eating a healthy diet, including obesity and tooth						talk about som mental benefits			
	benefits ment walking or cyc mile); recogni physically act	gular (daily/wee al and physica cling to school, se opportunitie ive and some o th an inactive l	health (e.g. daily active s to be of the risks								









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Vocabulary		Knowledge	•	ι	Understanding			Skills		
	What children will know		What ch	What children will understand			What children will be able to do			
Define the word and include	Learning	Teaching	Assessment	t Learning Teaching Assessment			Learning	Teaching	Assessment	
etymology if useful.	Remembering	5 5		Practising	Coaching	Observing	Reflecting	Facilitating	Evaluating	
Strengths - The strongest part of something; that on which confidence or reliance is based.	RSE Pupils can ide	entify their streng	gths and set	Understand w are others god	hat am I good od at	at and what	To be able to identify their own strengths and skills and those of others.			
Skills - Capacity to do something well				Understand w need to deve	hat new skills w lop	ould I like or	To be able to identify skills they would like to develop.			
Persevere - To persist steadfastly in pursuit of an undertaking, task, journey, or goal, without allowing any distraction.				Understand how can different people contribute to a group task			To take part in a class learning challenges To be able to work as a group to make			
Cooperative - Ready to work with another				Understand how to work well in a group			decisions and solve a problem.			
person or in a team.				Understand how to give constructive feedback and receive it from others			To be able to persevere at a task.			
Feedback - Critical assessment of a process or activity or of their results.							evaluate a gro ng and receivin			
Respectful - an attitude of consideration or high regard										
Decision - A choice or judgement										







Subject: PSHE & RSE

Year: 3 - Bullying

Term: Autumn Two









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Vocabulary	What	Knowledge children wil			Inderstandir ildren will ur	•	What chi	Skills dren will be	able to do	
Define the word and include	Learning	Teaching	Assessment	Learning	Teaching	Assessment	Learning	Teaching	Assessment	
etymology if useful.	Remembering	Telling	Testing	Practising	Coaching	Observing	Reflecting	Facilitating	Evaluating	
Bullying – deliberately hurtful behaviour, repeated over a period of time, where it is difficult for those being bullied to defend themselves. Assertiveness - Boldly self-assured; confident without being aggressive Strategy - A plan of action intended to accomplish a specific goal. Technique - a method of achieving something or carrying something out, especially one requiring some skill or knowledge	strategies for how positive for how positive for the posi	portance of frier building positive riendships supponstitutes a posig, mutual respect, which was and experier and difficulties es apply to online face relationships what it mane' and how the one offline; the an offline with an offline capa	e friendships; bort wellbeing itive healthy ct, trust, generosity, nces, support s); that the ne friendships ips eans to 'know is differs from e risks of others who are	hurtful behavirange of exan bullying include cyberbullying Understand the bullied becau	at bullying is dour and be about and be about and be about and be about and simple format sometimes particularly and sometimes particularly, religion	le to give a nt forms of ns of Deople are ating to their	involved in bubully others. To be able to number of as responding to show that the bullying situat To be able to bullying may school and sumake the sch	provide reasor occur in certair	demonstrate a aniques when be starting to a child in a ans for why a parts of the of strategies to be where	
Individuality – characteristics that contribute to the differentiation or distinction of someone or something from a group of otherwise comparable identity. Special – Distinguished by a unique or	may change how to care f	ow their body c as they grow a or their body ar e their uniquend	nd develop, nd emotions	how they app have some str Understanding	at how they fe roach and tac ategies for rem g the 'fight or fl can affect beh	kle tasks and naining positive ight' response	how they are feeling. To be able to recognise and describe			
unusual quality. Non-verbal – communication in a form other than written or spoken words, such as				Understand ho	ow to care for (other people's	To demonstrate strategies to deal with their own strong emotions and with feeling overwhelmed.			



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Vocabulary	Knowledge			Understanding			Skills		
	What	t children will	l know	What children will understand			What children will be able to do		
Define the word and include	Learning	Teaching	Assessment	Learning	Teaching	Assessment	Learning	Teaching	Assessment
etymology if useful.	Remembering	Telling	Testing	Practising	Coaching	Observing	Reflecting	Facilitating	Evaluating
gestures, facial expressions or body language. Emotions – A person's internal state of being based on physical state					at there is a linl ings and behav		process, some	te the problem- etimes independ rategies to solve	dently, and







Subject: PSHE

Year: 3 - Keeping Safe

Term: Spring One











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Vocabulary	What	Knowledge children wil			I <mark>nderstandin</mark> ildren will un	-	What chil	Skills dren will be	able to do		
Define the word and include	Learning	Teaching	Assessment	Learning	Teaching	Assessment	Learning	Teaching	Assessment		
etymology if useful.	Remembering	Telling	Testing	Practising	Coaching	Observing	Reflecting	Facilitating	Evaluating		
Risk - The probability of a negative outcome to a decision or event	Know what ris friendships an	ks are there to d my feelings	my safety, my	Understand ho decisions abo		night affect my	To give an exc and an emoti	ample of a phy onal risk.	sical, a social		
Emergency - A situation which poses an immediate risk and which requires urgent attention.			n risky situations p if things went	react in risky si	ow I feel and ho tuations hat action is it o	, ,		affect their dec	ole of how their cisions about		
Emotions - A person's internal state of being and response to an object or a situation Strategy		es are in place	to keep us safe	take in an em		,	To be able to name some emotions they might feel in a risky situation and how these might affect their body.				
Decision - A choice or judgement	Code and de	ements of the (scribe the type	s of clothing	smoke inhalat	e dangers of fir ion and be abl	e to suggest	To be able to explain a strategy they could use for decision making in risky situations.				
Safety/safe - The condition or feeling of being safe. Rules – A regulation, law, guideline.	Know some so	hem easily visib afety rules for bo vays and other	eaches and	take.	courses of actionseir responsibility	·	To be able to suggest ways of reducing ris in everyday situations and recognise way				
Accident – An unexpected event ususally with negative consequences				public areas Understand th	school on outinat some accid		To be able to name some people they could ask for help in a risky situation.				
Preventable – Something which can be stopped in advance of it happeing				preventable				recognise an e uitable action.			
Unitentional – Not on purpose or deliberate Responsibility - Having the duty of taking care of something or of getting a job done							for safety and their own safe	suggest some (ways they car ety on a school describe preve accidents.	contribute to trip.		







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Vocabulary	Knowledge			U	Understanding			Skills		
	What children will know			What ch	ildren will un	derstand	What chil	dren will be	able to do	
Define the word and include	Learning	Teaching	Assessment	Learning	Teaching	Assessment	Learning	Teaching	Assessment	
etymology if useful.	Remembering	Telling	Testing	Practising	Coaching	Observing	Reflecting	Facilitating	Evaluating	
RSE – My Relationships	Begin to know consists of	v what a positive	e relationship		at relationships	<u> </u>	To be able to describe some of the qualities of positive relationships			
Friendship - A relationship based on kindness and respect	Know how to I	Know how to listen to and support my			Understand that difference is positive. Understand that there are different family patterns			To be able to recognise some similarities and differences between them and other children		
Positive - Not negative or neutral.	Know how to	cope when rela	ationships	1						
Change - To become something different	change Know some o	of the similarities	and	Understand who is in their network of special people, and how they we affect each other			To be able to demonstrate skills in making friends.			
		etween me and			ne behaviours th ship	nat form a		use learnt strate they have frien	•	
	Know who the help and how	ey can talk to if to ask for it.	they need				about their ov	describe what i wn family and it: her people they	s members,	







Subject: PSHE & RSE

Year: 3 - Economic Wellbeing

Term: Spring Two









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Vocabulary		Knowledge		l	Jnderstandir	ng	Skills			
	What	children will	know	What children will understand			What children will be able to do			
Define the word and include	Learning	Teaching	Assessment	Learning	Teaching	Assessment	Learning	Teaching	Assessment	
etymology if useful.	Remembering	Telling	Testing	Practising	Coaching	Observing	Reflecting	Facilitating	Evaluating	
Budget - The amount of money or resources available for a particular activity or time-frame.	Know what di and spend mo	fferent ways the oney	ere are to earn	Understand w budgeting me	hat saving, spe ean	ending and	To manage money effectively in real life situations.			
Manage - To direct or be in charge of.	variety of med	receive money ans, including p	aid work.		ow to decide w d choose the b		To make financial decisions based on your own financial situation and community need			
Effective - To produce a required outcme Debt - The state or condition of owing something to another.	saving it.	keep money so		Understand that some of the ways we use money can make it grow or involve risk.						
Charity - An organization, the objective of which is to carry out a charitable purpose. The goods or money given to those in	we might nee Know that we	Know about the work of a charity and why we might need it U			Understand that the choices we make affect us, our communities and the wider world.					
need.					nat money may eaning to differe	have different ent people at				

RSE - My Beliefs

the future.

Individuality – characteristics that contribute to the differentiation or distinction of someone or something from a group of otherwise comparable identity.

Savings - A reduction in cost or expenditure. Something (usually money) that is kept for

Community - A group sharing a common understanding, and often the same language, law, manners, and/or tradition.

Know about groups and communities that exist locally, and the roles some people play in the community.

Know that people identify with different genders and that is part of their uniqueness and individuality

Know what media is and some of how it works

Understand and recognise difference and respect diversity, including the importance of recognising and challenging stereotypes.

different times and in different cultures

Understand some different forms the media can take and some of what it does.

Understand some of the needs of and how to care for the local environment and animals.

To be able to describe aspects of their identity, and to recognise similarities and differences between themselves and others within the wider community.

To be able to identify different types of media and some of what it does

To be able to discuss responsibility, welfare and care of the environment and animals.



Identity - The difference or character that marks off an individual from the rest of the same kind.	Know about the needs of animals, including pets, and the responsibilities of humans towards them.	Understand that not all people identify with male or female and that is acceptable	To be able to sensibly discuss how people may express their individuality and gender – without referring to stereotypes.
Gender - either of the two sexes (male and female), especially when considered with reference to social and cultural differences rather than biological ones. The term is also used more broadly to denote a range of identities that do not correspond to established ideas of male and female.			







Subject: PSHE & RSE

Year: 3 - Rules

Term: Summer One









		Knowledge			-(A)-		Shills				
Vocabulary	What	Knowledge children wil			Understanding What children will understand			Skills What children will be able to do			
Define the word and include	Learning Teaching Assessment		Learning	Teaching	Assessment	Learning	Teaching	Assessment			
etymology if useful.	Remembering	Telling	Testing	Practising	Coaching	Observing	Reflecting	Facilitating	Evaluating		
Rule - a set of understood regulations or principles governing conduct or procedure within a particular area of activity	To understand rights, wants a	the difference and needs.	e between	Understand the wants and ne	ne difference bo eds.	etween rights,	Explain the di wants and ne	fference betwe eds.	en rights,		
Responsibility - Responsibility - the state or fact of having a duty to deal with	responsibilities	responsibilities and how these affect their			nat rights come s and how these nool life.		Explain that rights come with responsibilities and how these affect their home and school life.				
something or of having control over someone	•			Understand why rules are needed at home and at school.			Identify why ru at school.	ules are needed	d at home and		
Want - have a desire to possess or do (something)	To be able to changing rule:	participate in r s.	making and	Understand how to participate in making and changing rules.			Participate in making and changing rules.				
Need – things that are a necessity	To understand	how democra	atic decisions	Understand how democratic decisions can be made in school.			Explain how democratic decisions can b made in school.				
Democracy - a system of government by the whole population or all the eligible		ills to contribute	e to		nd develop skill	ls to contribute	Contribute to in school.	democratic de	ecision-making		
members of a state, typically through elected representatives		ecision-making			c decision-maki		Identify how children might be				
Representative - people chosen to act and	democraticall	democratically elected at school to			ow children mig ly elected at sc act on behalf of	chool to	democratically elected at school to represent or act on behalf of others.				
speak on behalf of a wider group	·						Participate in simple debating and voting.				
Opinion - a view or judgement formed about something, not necessarily based on fact or knowledge	To take part in	n simple debati	ng and voting.	Understand how to take part in simple debating and voting.							





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Vocabulary	Knowledge			ι	Inderstandin	g	Skills		
	What children will know			What children will understand			What children will be able to do		
Define the word and include	Learning	Teaching	Assessment	Learning	Teaching	Assessment	Learning	Teaching	Assessment
etymology if useful.	Remembering	Telling	Testing	Practising	Coaching	Observing	Reflecting	Facilitating	Evaluating
Rights - a moral or legal entitlement to have or do something	·	Pupils understand the right to protect their body from unwanted touch.			ne right to prote ed touch.	ct their body	Explain the rig unwanted tou	ht to protect thuch.	eir body from
Responsibilities - Responsibility - the state or fact of having a duty to deal with something or of having control over someone									
Unwanted - not or no longer desired									







Subject: PSHE & RSE

Year: 3 - Sense of Self

Term: Summer Two

	Knowledge				-(1)-					
Vocabulary	Knowledge What children will know			Understanding What children will understand			Skills What children will be able to do			
Define the word and include	Learning	Teaching	Assessment	Learning	Teaching	Assessment	Learning Reflecting	Teaching Facilitating	Assessment Evaluating	
etymology if useful. Identity - the fact of being who or what a person or thing is	To explore who that of other p	at makes up the eople.	Testing eir identity and	Practising Understand w and that of ot	Coaching hat makes up t her people.	Observing their identity	Explain what makes up their identity and that of other people.			
Paraantian the way in which comothing is		of the different peliefs people h	,		ome of the diffe peliefs people h		Describe some of the different views, lifestyles and beliefs people have.			
Influence - the capacity to have an effect on the character, development, or behaviour of someone or something or the	and ethnic communities that exist in the UK. To understand how to value difference and			Understand different national, religious and ethnic communities that exist in the UK. Understand how to value difference and respect diversity.			Explain about different national, religious and ethnic communities that exist in the UK Identify how to value difference and respect diversity.			
Ethnicity - the quality or fact of belonging to a population group or subgroup made up of people who share a common cultural background or descent	In the same was th	what stereotypays to challengedescribe what sexist around the of.	e them. groups and	Understand what stereotypes are and know some ways to challenge them. Understand what groups and communities exist around them and which they are part of.			Ŭ i			
Community - a group of people living in the same place or having a particular characteristic in common		they are part of. o								
(someone) to do something	secrets and su	ntify the differer rprise, knowing nce and share	when to	Understand the difference between secrets and surprise, knowing when to break confidence and share a secret.			Identify the difference between secrets and surprise, knowing when to break confidence and share a secret.			





