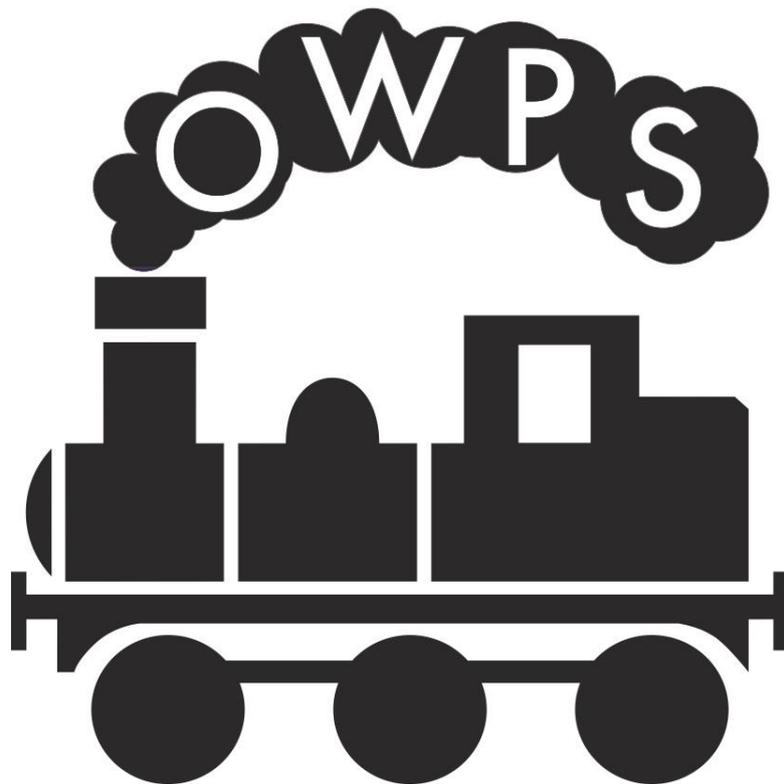


Orton Wistow Primary School



E-Safety Policy

Status	Other
GB Monitor	Mary Foreman
Staff Lead	Colin Marks
Senior Lead	Simon Eardley
Version	Final
Publication Date	SPR/17
Next Review	SPR/19

Date Agreed:	
Headteacher:	
Chair of Governors:	

Rationale

New technologies have become integral to the lives of children and young people in today's society, both within schools and in their lives outside school.

The internet and other digital and information technologies are powerful tools, which open up new opportunities for everyone. Electronic communication helps teachers and *students* learn from each other. These technologies can stimulate discussion, promote creativity and increase awareness of context to promote effective learning. Children and young people should have an entitlement to safe internet access at all times.

The requirement to ensure that children and young people are able to use the internet and related communications technologies appropriately and safely is addressed as part of the wider duty of care to which all who work in schools are bound. A school e-safety policy should help to ensure safe and appropriate use. The development and implementation of such a strategy should involve all the stakeholders in a child's education from the Headteacher and governors to the senior leaders and classroom teachers, support staff, parents, members of the community and the students / pupils themselves.

The use of these exciting and innovative tools in school and at home has been shown to raise educational standards and promote pupil / student achievement.

However, the use of these new technologies can put young people at risk within and outside the school

The implementation of this e-safety policy will be monitored by the:	<i>Deputy Head (E-Safety co-ordinator)</i>
Monitoring will take place at regular intervals:	<i>See policy timetable</i>
The <i>Governing Body / Governors Sub Committee</i> will receive a report on the implementation of the e-safety policy (which will include anonymous details of e-safety incidents) at regular intervals:	<i>Headteachers report</i>
The E-Safety Policy will be reviewed annually, or more regularly in the light of any significant new developments in the use of the technologies, new threats to e-safety or incidents that have taken place. The next anticipated review date will be:	May 2019
Should serious e-safety incidents take place, the following external persons / agencies should be informed:	Gaynor Mansell - LA

Responsibilities

Governors:

Governors are responsible for the approval of the E-Safety Policy and for reviewing the effectiveness of the policy. This will be carried out by the *Governors / Governors Sub Committee* receiving regular information about e-safety incidents and monitoring reports

Headteacher and Senior Leaders:

- The Headteacher is responsible for ensuring the safety (including e-safety) of members of the school community

The Headteacher and another member of the Senior Leadership Team / Senior Management Team should be aware of the procedures to be followed in the event of a serious e-safety allegation being made against a member of staff

E-Safety Coordinator

- takes day to day responsibility for e-safety issues and has a leading role in establishing and reviewing the school e-safety policies / documents
- ensures that all staff are aware of the procedures that need to be followed in the event of an e-safety incident taking place.
- provides training and advice for staff
- liaises with school ICT technical staff
- receives reports of e-safety incidents and creates a log of incidents to inform future e-safety developments
- meets regularly with E-Safety Governor to discuss current issues, review incident logs and filtering / change control logs

Network Manager / Technical staff:

ICT Technician must ensure

- that the school's ICT infrastructure is secure and is not open to misuse or malicious attack
- that the school meets the e-safety technical requirements outlined in the Local Authority E-Safety Policy and guidance
- that users may only access the school's networks through a properly enforced password protection policy, in which passwords are regularly changed

Teaching and Support Staff

are responsible for ensuring that:

- they have an up to date awareness of e-safety matters and of the current school e-safety policy and practices
- they have read, understood and signed the school Staff Acceptable Use Policy / Agreement (AUP)
- they report any suspected misuse or problem to the E-Safety Co-ordinator
- digital communications with students / pupils should be on a professional level

Designated person for child protection / Child Protection Officer

should be trained in e-safety issues and be aware of the potential for serious child protection issues to arise from:

- sharing of personal data
- access to illegal / inappropriate materials
- inappropriate on-line contact with adults / strangers
- potential or actual incidents of grooming
- cyber-bullying

Students / pupils:

- are responsible for using the school ICT systems in accordance with the Student / Pupil Acceptable Use Policy, which they will be expected to sign before being given access to school systems
- have a good understanding of research skills and the need to avoid plagiarism and uphold copyright regulations
- need to understand the importance of reporting abuse, misuse or access to inappropriate materials and know how to do so

- will be expected to know and understand school policies on the use of mobile phones, digital cameras and hand held devices. They should also know and understand school policies on the taking / use of images and on cyber-bullying.
- should understand the importance of adopting good e-safety practice when using digital technologies out of school and realise that the school's E-Safety Policy covers their actions out of school, if related to their membership of the school

Parents / Carers

Parents / Carers play a crucial role in ensuring that their children understand the need to use the internet / mobile devices in an appropriate way. Research shows that many parents and carers do not fully understand the issues and are less experienced in the use of ICT than their children. The school will therefore take every opportunity to help parents understand these issues through *parents' evenings, newsletters, letters, website, information about national / local e-safety campaigns / literature, Information evenings at school, Parent workshops hosted at school* Parents and carers will be responsible for:

- endorsing (by signature) the Student / Pupil Acceptable Use Policy
- Attending events held at the school aimed to support them in keeping their children safe
- Informing the school of any potential or existing online safety issues they are aware of.

Education – students / pupils

Whilst regulation and technical solutions are very important, their use must be balanced by educating *students / pupils* to take a responsible approach. The education of *students / pupils* in e-safety is therefore an essential part of the school's e-safety provision. Children and young people need the help and support of the school to recognise and avoid e-safety risks and build their resilience.

E-Safety education will be provided in the following ways:

- A planned e-safety programme should be provided as part of ICT / PHSE / other lessons and should be regularly revisited – this will cover both the use of ICT and new technologies in school and outside school
- Key e-safety messages should be reinforced as part of a planned programme of assemblies and tutorial / pastoral activities (e-safety co-ordinator responsibility)
- Students / pupils should be taught in all lessons to be critically aware of the materials / content they access on-line and be guided to validate the accuracy of information
- A group of students from across KS2 will make up an ECadets team that will deliver and facilitate some online safety awareness sessions within their classes or alongside the E Safety co-ordinator in assemblies.
- Students will access and participate in Family Group meetings, whole school and key stage assemblies delivered by teaching staff throughout the year which highlight and respond to current E-safety practice and curriculum focus.

Education – parents / carers

Many parents and carers have only a limited understanding of e-safety risks and issues, yet they play an essential role in the education of their children and in the monitoring / regulation of the children's on-line experiences. Parents often either underestimate or do not realise how often children and young people come across potentially harmful and inappropriate material on the internet and are often unsure about what they would do about it. "There is a generational digital divide". (Byron Report).

The school will therefore seek to provide information and awareness to parents and carers through:

- *Information evening run by E2BN*
- *Letters, newsletters, web site,*
- *Reference to the appropriate websites containing information about E-Safety*

Education & Training – Staff

It is essential that all staff receive e-safety training and understand their responsibilities, as outlined in this policy. Training will be offered as follows:

- All new staff should receive e-safety training as part of their induction programme, ensuring that they fully understand the school e-safety policy and Acceptable Use Policies
- The E-Safety Coordinator (or other nominated person) will receive regular updates from attending events and from e-safety coordinator forums
- This E-Safety policy and its updates will be presented to and discussed by staff in staff / team meetings / INSET days.
- The E-Safety Coordinator will provide advice / guidance / training as required to individuals as required

Training–Governors

Governors should take part in e-safety training / awareness sessions, with particular importance for those who are members of any sub committee / group involved in ICT / e-safety / health and safety / child protection. This may be offered in a number of ways:

- Participation in school training / information sessions for staff or parents

Technical–infrastructure / equipment, filtering and monitoring

The school will be responsible for ensuring that the school infrastructure / network is as safe and secure as is reasonably possible and that policies and procedures approved within this policy are implemented. It will also need to ensure that the relevant people named in the above sections will be effective in carrying out their e-safety responsibilities:

- School ICT systems will be managed in ways that ensure that the school meets the e-safety technical requirements outlined in the SWGfL Security Policy and Acceptable Usage Policy and any relevant Local Authority E-Safety Policy and guidance
- Servers, wireless systems and cabling must be securely located and physical access restricted
- All users will have clearly defined access rights to school ICT systems. Details of the access rights available to groups of users will be recorded by the Network Manager (or other person) and will be reviewed, at least annually, by the E-Safety Committee (or other group).

Curriculum

E-safety should be a focus in all areas of the curriculum and staff should reinforce e-safety messages in the use of ICT across the curriculum.

- in lessons where internet use is pre-planned, it is best practice that students should be guided to sites checked as suitable for their use and that processes are in place for dealing with any unsuitable material that is found in internet searches.
- Where students are allowed to freely search the internet, eg using search engines, staff should be vigilant in monitoring the content of the websites the young people visit.
- Students should be taught in all lessons to be critically aware of the materials / content they access on-line and be guided to validate the accuracy of information
- A scheme of work will be in place, covering topics suitable for the children within each team across the school
- Students / pupils should be taught to acknowledge the source of information used and to respect copyright when using material accessed on the internet.

Use of digital and video images - Photographic, Video

The development of digital imaging technologies has created significant benefits to learning, allowing staff and students instant use of images that they have recorded themselves or downloaded from the internet. However, staff and students need to be aware of the risks associated with sharing images and with posting digital images on the internet. Those images may remain available on the internet forever and may cause harm or embarrassment to individuals in the short or longer term. There are many reported incidents of employers carrying out internet searches for information about potential and existing employees. The school will inform and educate users about these risks and will implement policies to reduce the likelihood of the potential for harm:

- When using digital images, staff should inform and educate students about the risks associated with the taking, use, sharing, publication and distribution of images. In particular, they should recognise the risks attached to publishing their own images on the internet eg on social networking sites.

- Staff are allowed to take digital / video images to support educational aims, but must follow school policies concerning the sharing, distribution and publication of those images. Those images should only be taken on school equipment; the personal equipment of staff should not be used for such purposes.
- Care should be taken when taking digital / video images that students are appropriately dressed and are not participating in activities that might bring the individuals or the school into disrepute.
- Students must not take, use, share, publish or distribute images of others without their permission
- Photographs published on the website, or elsewhere that include students will be selected carefully and will comply with good practice guidance on the use of such images.
- Students' full names will not be used anywhere on a website or blog, particularly in association with photographs.
- Written permission from parents or carers will be obtained before photographs of students are published on the school website, used on the school's Facebook and Twitter feeds or used by local media (may be covered as part of the AUP signed by parents or carers at the start of the year)
- Student's work can only be published with the permission of the student / pupil and parents or carers.

Data Protection

Personal data will be recorded, processed, transferred and made available according to the Data Protection Act 1998 which states that personal data must be:

- Fairly and lawfully processed
- Processed for limited purposes
- Adequate, relevant and not excessive
- Accurate
- Kept no longer than is necessary
- Processed in accordance with the data subject's rights
- Secure
- Only transferred to others with adequate protection.

Staff must ensure that they:

- At all times take care to ensure the safe keeping of personal data, minimising the risk of its loss or misuse.
- Use personal data only on secure password protected computers and other devices, ensuring that they are properly "logged-off" at the end of any session in which they are using personal data.
- Transfer data using encryption and secure password protected devices.

When personal data is stored on any portable computer system, USB stick or any other removable media:

- the data must be encrypted and password protected
- the device must be password protected (many memory sticks / cards and other mobile devices cannot be password protected)
- the device must offer approved virus and malware checking software
- the data must be securely deleted from the device, in line with school policy (below) once it has been transferred or its use is complete

Communications

A wide range of rapidly developing communications technologies has the potential to enhance learning. The following table shows how the school currently considers the benefit of using these technologies for education outweighs their risks / disadvantages:

	Staff & other adults				Students / Pupils			
	Allowed	Allowed at certain times	Allowed for selected staff	Not allowed	Allowed	Allowed at certain times	Allowed with staff permission	Not allowed
Communication Technologies								
Mobile phones may be brought to school	X							X
Use of mobile phones in lessons				X				X
Use of mobile phones in social time		X						X
Taking photos on mobile phones or other camera devices				X				X
Use of hand held devices eg PDAs, PSPs	X					X		
Use of personal email addresses in school, or on school network		X						X
Use of school email for personal emails				X				X
Use of chat rooms / facilities		X						X
Use of instant messaging		X						X
Use of social networking sites		X						X
Use of blogs	X					X		

When using communication technologies the school considers the following as good practice:

- The official school email service may be regarded as safe and secure and is monitored. Staff and students therefore use only the school email service to communicate with others when in school, or on school systems (eg by remote access).
- Users need to be aware that email communications may be monitored
- Users must immediately report, to the nominated person – in accordance with the school policy, the receipt of any email that makes them feel uncomfortable, is offensive, threatening or bullying in nature and must not respond to any such email.
- Any digital communication between staff and students / pupils or parents / carers (email, chat, VLE etc) must be professional in tone and content. These communications may only take place on official (monitored) school systems. Personal email addresses, text messaging or public chat / social networking programmes must not be used for these communications.
- Whole class or group email addresses will be used at KS1, while students / pupils at KS2 and above will be provided with individual school email addresses for educational use.
- Students / pupils should be taught about email safety issues, such as the risks attached to the use of personal details. They should also be taught strategies to deal with inappropriate emails and be reminded of the need to write emails clearly and correctly and not include any unsuitable or abusive material.

- Personal information should not be posted on the school website and only official email addresses should be used to identify members of staff.

Unsuitable / inappropriate activities

The school believes that the activities referred to in the following section would be inappropriate in a school context and that users, as defined below, should not engage in these activities in school or outside school when using school equipment or systems. The school policy restricts certain internet usage as follows:

User Actions

		Acceptable	Acceptable at certain times	Acceptable for nominated users	Unacceptable	Unacceptable and illegal
Users shall not visit Internet sites, make, post, download, upload, data transfer, communicate or pass on, material, remarks, proposals or comments that contain or relate to:	child sexual abuse images					X
	promotion or conduct of illegal acts, eg under the child protection, obscenity, computer misuse and fraud legislation					X
	adult material that potentially breaches the Obscene Publications Act in the UK					X
	criminally racist material in UK					X
	pornography				X	
	promotion of any kind of discrimination				X	
	promotion of racial or religious hatred				X	
	threatening behaviour, including promotion of physical violence or mental harm				X	
	any other information which may be offensive to colleagues or breaches the integrity of the ethos of the school or brings the school into disrepute				X	
Using school systems to run a private business				X		
Use systems, applications, websites or other mechanisms that bypass the filtering or other safeguards employed by SWGfL and / or the school				X		
Uploading, downloading or transmitting commercial software or any copyrighted materials belonging to third parties, without the necessary licensing permissions				X		
Revealing or publicising confidential or proprietary information (eg financial / personal information, databases, computer / network access codes and passwords)				X		
Creating or propagating computer viruses or other harmful files				X		
Carrying out sustained or instantaneous high volume network traffic (downloading / uploading files) that causes network congestion and hinders others in their use of the internet				X		
On-line gaming (educational)		X				
On-line gaming (non educational)					X	
On-line gambling					X	
On-line shopping / commerce		X				
File sharing		X				
Use of social networking sites		x				
Use of video broadcasting eg Youtube		x				

Responding to incidents of misuse

It is hoped that all members of the school community will be responsible users of ICT, who understand and follow this policy. However, there may be times when infringements of the policy could take place, through careless or irresponsible or, very rarely, through deliberate misuse. Listed below are the responses that will be made to any apparent or actual incidents of misuse:

If any apparent or actual misuse appears to involve illegal activity ie.

- child sexual abuse images
- adult material which potentially breaches the Obscene Publications Act
- criminally racist material
- other criminal conduct, activity or materials

The following will happen:

If inappropriate or illegal material is found:

- The computer will be disconnected
- If illegal the police will be contacted
- If inappropriate the LA will be contacted

If inappropriate or illegal material is suspected to have been accessed:

- Log files can be obtained if times are known
- If they are not involved discuss the details with the ICT technician
- If log files contain illegal material contact police
- If log files contain inappropriate material contact LA

If members of staff suspect that misuse might have taken place, but that the misuse is not illegal (as above) it is essential that correct procedures are used to investigate, preserve evidence and protect those carrying out the investigation. Guidance recommends that more than one member of staff is involved in the investigation which should be carried out on a “clean” designated computer.

It is more likely that the school will need to deal with incidents that involve inappropriate rather than illegal misuse. It is important that any incidents are dealt with as soon as possible in a proportionate manner, and that members of the school community are aware that incidents have been dealt with. It is intended that incidents of misuse will be dealt with through normal behaviour / disciplinary procedures as follows:

Actions / Sanctions

Students / Pupils

Incidents:	Refer to class teacher / tutor	Refer to Head of Department / Head of Year / other	Refer to Headteacher	Refer to Police	Refer to technical support staff for action re filtering / security	Inform parents / carers	Removal of network / internet access rights	Warning	Further sanction eg detention / exclusion
Deliberately accessing or trying to access material that could be considered illegal (see list in earlier section on unsuitable / inappropriate activities).			X	X	X	X	X		X
Unauthorised use of non-educational sites during lessons	X	X			X	X		X	
Unauthorised use of mobile phone / digital camera / other handheld device	X	X				X		X	
Unauthorised use of social networking / instant messaging / personal email	X	X			X	X		X	
Unauthorised downloading or uploading of files	X	X			X	X		X	
Allowing others to access school network by sharing username and passwords	X							X	
Attempting to access or accessing the school network, using another student's / pupil's account	X							X	
Attempting to access or accessing the school network, using the account of a member of staff	X	X				X		X	
Corrupting or destroying the data of other users	X	X				X		X	
Sending an email, text or instant message that is regarded as offensive, harassment or of a bullying nature	X	X	X			X		X	
Continued infringements of the above, following previous warnings or sanctions	X	X	X			X	X		X
Actions which could bring the school into disrepute or breach the integrity of the ethos of the school	X	X	X			X		X	
Using proxy sites or other means to subvert the school's filtering system	X	X	X			X	X	X	
Accidentally accessing offensive or pornographic material and failing to report the incident	X	X				X		X	
Deliberately accessing or trying to access offensive or pornographic material	X	X	X			X	X		X
Receipt or transmission of material that infringes the copyright of another person or infringes the Data Protection Act	X	X	X			X		X	

Staff

Actions / Sanctions

Incidents:	Refer to line manager	Refer to Headteacher	Refer to Local Authority / HR	Refer to Police	Refer to Technical Support Staff for action re filtering etc.	Warning	Suspension	Disciplinary action
Deliberately accessing or trying to access material that could be considered illegal (see list in earlier section on unsuitable / inappropriate activities).		X	X	X	X		X	X
Excessive or inappropriate personal use of the internet / social networking sites / instant messaging / personal email	X				X	X		
Unauthorised downloading or uploading of files	X	X			X	X		
Allowing others to access school network by sharing username and passwords or attempting to access or accessing the school network, using another person's account	X				X	X		
Careless use of personal data eg holding or transferring data in an insecure manner	X	X				X		
Deliberate actions to breach data protection or network security rules	X	X				X		
Corrupting or destroying the data of other users or causing deliberate damage to hardware or software	X	X				X		X
Sending an email, text or instant message that is regarded as offensive, harassment or of a bullying nature	X	X		X			X	X
Using personal email / social networking / instant messaging / text messaging to carrying out digital communications with students / pupils	X	X	X			X	X	X
Actions which could compromise the staff member's professional standing	X	X				X		
Actions which could bring the school into disrepute or breach the integrity of the ethos of the school	X	X				X		
Using proxy sites or other means to subvert the school's filtering system	X	X			X	X		
Accidentally accessing offensive or pornographic material and failing to report the incident	X	X	X		X	X		
Deliberately accessing or trying to access offensive or pornographic material	X	X	X		X		X	X
Breaching copyright or licensing regulations	X	X			X	X		
Continued infringements of the above, following previous warnings or sanctions	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X